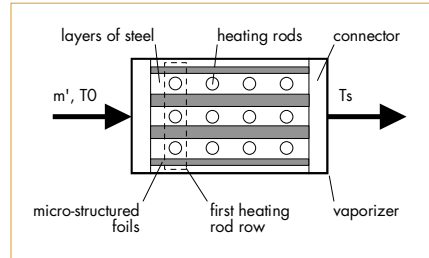


# CR-Realtime Systems Designs Embedded Controller for Fuel Cell System

Fuel cells are increasingly being adopted as an alternative energy source in the automotive industry. By converting chemical energy into electrical energy by oxidizing combustible fuel, such as hydrogen or alcohol, fuel cells can serve as a vehicle’s engine, an auxiliary power unit, or a supplement to the alternator.

CR-Realtime Systems recently worked with P21 GmbH, a developer of fuel cell systems and their components, to develop an embedded controller for an electrically heated, microstructured vaporizer and heat exchanger. The company accelerated the control design process with MathWorks products for Model-Based Design.

“The MathWorks provides the only tool chain that makes it possible to develop, test, and implement control design without breaking the design flow,” says Dr. Christian Robl, former senior technology manager of fuel cell systems at CR-Realtime Systems.



Schematic of a microstructured vaporizer.

Microstructured parts of a thermodynamic system are subject to rapid changes of pressure and mass flow due to the low masses and large planes of the parts. The steam output needed to maintain a given reference temperature throughout these mass flow and pressure changes.

CR-Realtime Systems required a testing system that enabled them to evaluate designs without conducting real-time intensive hardware experiments, as these would expose the team to hazardous fluids and high temperatures.

Finally, they needed to log data in real time to validate their system models by running the controller at 1 kHz.

## THE SOLUTION

Using MathWorks products for Model-Based Design, Dr. Robl and his team modeled and simulated an environment, a plant model, and the entire control design of a fuel cell test stand, and then implemented the design through rapid prototyping and then on an embedded system.

They used Simulink®, Simulink Control Design, and the Control System Toolbox to specify and simulate the data-driven parts of the system, including the LQG controller. Engineers used Stateflow® to model the

## THE CHALLENGE

Dr. Robl and his team set out to develop a controller to regulate the temperature of the output steam in the vaporizer. The vaporizer system consisted of 15 heating rods, as well as valves, mass flow controllers, pressure and mass flow sensors, and thermo couples multiplexed with P21 GmbH’s specialized hardware.

To develop a cost-effective and reliable system, CR-Realtime Systems needed to determine the optimal number and position of heating rods, thermo couples, actuators, and sensors.

## THE CHALLENGE

To develop an embedded controller for a fuel cell system

## THE SOLUTION

Use MathWorks tools to design, simulate, rapidly prototype, and implement the controller

## THE RESULTS

- Real-time data logging
- Safe, accurate testing
- Fast and easy implementation



*Model-Based Design with MathWorks tools enabled us to use the same model for simulation, control design, and implementation, which saved us time and money.*



Dr. Christian Robl, CR-Realtime Systems

event-driven parts of the system, including the bang-bang controller. Control code was generated automatically using Real-Time Workshop and Stateflow Coder.

They replaced their previous rapid prototyping software with xPC Target, which ran on an industrial PC, together with a host application, and realized immediate benefits and greater flexibility. “xPC Target enabled us to use standard, off-the-shelf hardware to run our prototypes quickly and cost effectively,” says Dr. Robl.

Engineers validated their Simulink model with real data, and then used the data to simulate the control design and determine the vaporizer behavior for different fluids, controller parameters such as reference steam temperature, and the optimal number and configuration of heating rods and thermo couples.

Simulink enabled CR-Realtime Systems to perform “what-if” scenarios and security checks, which revealed that powering the vaporizer was unnecessary when there was no mass flow, as was checking the function of all heating rods.

“With Simulink, we can validate the functionality by running simulations and then inject specific failures to see how the system reacts and ensure the security mechanisms work well,” explains Dr. Robl. “This helped us avoid introducing system failures on the actual system.”

They implemented the steam temperature controller on different targets using the same core model. Using Real-Time Workshop® Embedded Coder, they automatically generated optimized C code, which ran on an MPC555 board.

CR-Realtime Systems is using MathWorks tools to design and deploy embedded control for P21 GmbH’s fuel cell systems and additional embedded control systems for other customers.

## THE RESULTS

- **Real-time data logging.** “Using MathWorks tools, we identified our system parameters by running simulations to ensure recorded data matched our system models,” explains Robl. “We couldn’t do that with previous tools.”
- **Safe, accurate testing.** Rapid prototyping enabled Dr. Robl and his team to test the steam temperature controller safely and to detect design errors early, when they could be corrected cost-effectively and without interrupting the development process.
- **Fast and easy implementation.** The switch from rapid prototyping using xPC Target on a test stand to the embedded system was accomplished in minutes. They used the same core model for rapid prototyping and implementation by simply changing the device drivers.

To learn more about CR-Realtime Systems, visit [www.cr-realtime-systems.de](http://www.cr-realtime-systems.de)  
To learn more about P21 GmbH, visit [www.p-21.de](http://www.p-21.de)

## APPLICATION AREAS

- Automotive
- Automatic code generation
- Control design
- Simulation
- Utilities and energy

## PRODUCTS USED

- MATLAB
- Simulink
- Stateflow
- Real-Time Workshop
- Real-Time Workshop Embedded Coder
- Stateflow Coder
- xPC Target
- Control System Toolbox
- Simulink Control Design

[www.mathworks.com](http://www.mathworks.com)